U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10



1200 SIXTH AVENUE SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101

MAR 2 5 1988

REPLY TO

WD-134

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Kenneth D. Brooks, Administrator Division of Environment Idaho Department of Health and Welfare Statehouse Boise, Idaho 83720

Re: NPDES Permit No. ID-002540-2

Cyprus Thompson Creek

Dear Mr. Brooks:

Enclosed for your use in completing a certification action is a copy of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit which EPA proposes to reissue.

Comments received on the draft permit (copy enclosed) have not resulted in any permit changes. However, the limitations for lead and zinc in the proposed final permit (Part I.A.I.) have been changed due to a recalculation of the water quality-based limitations, and Parts II, III and IV have been modified to incorporate regulatory language required by the Water Quality Act of 1987. We would appreciate receiving the State Certification at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

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Harold E. Geren, Chief Water Permits and Compliance Branch

Enclosures

cc: Idaho Department of Health and Welfare-DOE, Pocatello

Page 3 of 15 Permit No.: ID-002540-2

I. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Specific Limitations and Monitoring Requirements.
 - During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit, and lasting until the expiration date, discharges from outfalls #001 and #002 shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	Effluent Li	mitation	Monitoring Requirements	
Effluent Parameter	Daily Avg. (mg/l)	Daily Max. (mg/l)	Frequency	Sample Type
Flow			Daily	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	20.0	30.0	Weekly	Grab
Arsenic		0.490	Monthly	Grab
Cadmium		0.0053	Monthly	Grab
Lead		0.017	Monthly	Grab
Mercury		non-detectable	Monthly	Grab
Copper		0.0245	Monthly	Grab
Zinc		0.165	Monthly	Grab

(NOTE: All metals shall be analyzed as total recoverable.)

- a. The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units, nor greater than 9.0 standard units, and shall be monitored weekly by grab samples.
- p. Inere shall be no discharge or floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.
- c. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken in the effluent stream below the settling basins.
- During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit, and lasting until the expiration date, discharges from outfall #003 is authorized. The permittee shall monitor turbidity (above and below the Bruno Creek access road stormwater settling ponds) weekly during February 1 to June 30, and monthly for the other months of the year. This monitoring shall be performed in accordance with requirements of the water quality monitoring program as required by Part I.A.3. below.
 - 3. In addition to the above referenced effluent monitoring requirements, the permittee shall continue to provide for water quality monitoring in accordance with the program agreed upon by the U.S. Forest Service (USFS). Idaho Department of Health and Welfare Division of Environment (IDHW-DOE) and Cyprus, and such future modifications as may be mutually agreed upon by the parties. Instream monitoring results shall be reported quarterly (in March, June, September and December) to EPA and IDHW-DOE at the address given in Part II.C. below.

DRAFT 3 of 3

Calculations for Water-Quality-Based Limitations for Cyprus ID-002540-2

Parameteri Arsenic

Acute Wasteload Allocation (WLA,acute) =
Chronic Wasteload Allocation (WLA,chronic) =
Coefficient of variation (CV) of effluent *
Monthly sampling frequency required in permit *

0.60 1.00 samples/m

0.72 mg/1

0.91 mg/l

Back calculate the long term average (LTA)
that will meet both of the above WLAs:

	Acute	Chronic
	-	And the second s
est s	0.555	0.555
est u, 4d	NA	-0.775
est u, 1d	-1.618	-0.886
LTA	0.231	0.481 mg/l
Lowert 1 TA	_	0.231 =0/1

Using the lowest LTA and CV from above, derive the Maximum Daily and Monthly Average permit limits

Percentile Basis 95th %'ile 99th %'ile

		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	N 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	est s2	0.307	0.307	
	est u	-1.618	-1.618	
Maximum	Daily =	0.494	0.720 mg/l	Draft parmit
Monthly	n =	1.000		
	est s2,n	0.307	0.307	0,49 mg/e
	est u,n	-1.618	-1.618	0~
Monthly	Average =	0.494	0.720 mg/1	

2/67

Parameter: Cadmium

Acute Wasteload Allocation (WLA,acute) = 7.80 ug/1
Chronic Wasteload Allocation (WLA,chronic) = 5.30 ug/1
Coefficient of variation (CV) of effluent = 0.60
Monthly sampling frequency required in permit = 1.00 samples/m

Back calculate the long term average (LTA)
that will meet both of the above WLAs:

	Acute	Chronic
		-
est s	0.555	0.555
est u, 4d	NA	0,985
est u, id	0.764	0.874
LTA	2.504	2.795 ug/1
Lowest LTA		2.504 ug/1

Using the lowest LTA and CV from above, derive the Maximum Daily and Monthly Average permit limits

Percentile Basis 95th %'ile 99th %'ile

			-	-
	est	\$2	0.307	0.307
	est	u	0.764	0.764
Maximum	Daily	=	5.347	7.800 ug/1
	(**)		6,000	53 mg/2
Monthly		n =	1.000	אונייי
-	est	52,n	0.307	0.307
	est	u,n	0.764	0.764
Monthly	Averag)e =	5.347	7.800 ug/1

Drast person

Parameter: Lead

Acute Wasteload Allocation (WLA,acute) = 164.00 ug/l
Chronic Wasteload Allocation (WLA,chronic) = 15.00 ug/l
Coefficient of variation (CV) of effluent = 0.60
Monthly sampling frequency required in persit = 1.00 samples/e

Back calculate the long term average (LTA)
that will meet both of the above WLAs:

	Acute	Chronic
		-
est s	0.555	0.555
est u, 4d	NA	2.025
est u, 1d	3.810	1.915
LTA	52.658	7.912 ug/1

LOWEST LTA =

Burgage

7.912 ug/1

Using the lowest LTA and CV from above, derive the Maximum Daily and Monthly Average permit limits

Percentile Basis 95th %'ile 99th %'ile

	est	s 2	0.307	0.307	
	est	u	1.915	1.915	
Maxiaua	Daily	æ	16.890	24,640 ug/	1
			= .01689	= 1017	mala
Monthly		n =	1.000	- 1011	- Alem
	est	52,n	0.307	0.307	
	est	u,n	1.915	1.915	
Honthly			16.890	24.640 ug/	1
HOURNIA	Ryera	36 =	19" RAÓ	24.640 ug/	1

Draft permit = 1015 mg/e proposed final permit = 1017 mg/e

4/47

Parameter: Mercury

Acute Masteload Allocation (MLA,acute) = 4,80 ug/1
Chronic Wasteload Allocation (WLA,chronic) = 0.06 ug/1
Coefficient of variation (CV) of effluent = 0.60
... Monthly sampling frequency required in permit = 1.00 samples/m

Back calculate the long term average (LTA)
that will meet both of the above WLAss

		Acute	Chronic	
			-	
est s		0,555	0.555	
est u, 4	d	NA	-3.548	
est u, 1	d	0.279	-3,658	
LTA		1.541	0.030	ug/1
Lowest L	TA =		0.030	ug/1

Using the lowest LTA and CV from above, derive the Maximum Daily and Monthly Average permit limits

MATTER .

Percentile Basis 95th Y'ile 99th Y'ile

0.307 0.307 est u -3.65B -3,658 0.064 0.094 up/1 1.000 0.307 0.307 est s2,n -3,658 est uin -3.658 0.064 Monthly Average = 0.094 up/1

mon-destectable

5/1

Parameter: Copper

Acute Wasteload Allocation (WLA,acute) = 36.00 ug/1
Chronic Wasteload Allocation (WLA,chronic) = 57.60 ug/1
Coefficient of variation (CV) of effluent = 0.60
Monthly sampling frequency required in perait = 1.00 samples/m

Back calculate the long term average (LTA)
that will meet both of the above WLAs:

		Acute	Chronic
est s		0.555	0.555
est u		NA	3.371
est u		2.294	3.260
LTA		11.559	30.380 ug/l
I muse	t I TA		11.559 10/1

Using the lowest LTA and CV from above, derive the Maximum Daily and Monthly Average permit limits

Percentile Basis 95th %'ile 99th %'ile

57		-		
	est s2	0.307	0.307	
.,	est u	2,294	2,294	
Maximum	Daily-	24.678	36.000 ug/l	D . (0)
		5,0246	78 myle	Draft permit
Monthly	· n =	1.000	JIE .	
50-1175-107-108-1	est s2,n		0.307	.0245 mg/e
	est u,n	2.294	2,294	1000 CHO
Monthly	Average =	24.678	36.000 ug/l	0.

Parameter: Zinc

Acute Wasteload Allocation (WLA,acute) = 240.00 ug/l
Chronic Wasteload Allocation (WLA,chronic) = 528.00 ug/l
Coefficient of variation (CV) of effluent = 0.60
Monthly sampling frequency required in permit = 1.00 samples/m

Back calculate the long term average (LTA)
that will seet both of the above WLAs:

	Acute	Chronic	
		Printerson services	
est s	0.555	0.555	
est u, 4d	NA	5.586	
est u, id	4, 191	5.476	
LTA	77.060	278.485 u	9/1
Lowest LTA		77,060 ()	0/1

Using the lowest LTA and CV from above, derive the Maximum Daily and Monthly Average permit limits

Percentile Racie

	1 EL CAULETY A DODED		
	95th %'ile 9	79th %'ile	
est s2	0.307	0.307	
est u	4.191	4.191	
Maximum Daily =	164.517	240.000 ug/1	
Monthly n *	1.000		
est s2,r	0.307	0.307	
est u,n	4.191	4.191	
Monthly Average =	164.517	240.000 ug/1	

proposed final punit = Mas . 165 mg/